Aliah University DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING IIA/27, New Town, Rajarhat, Kolkata- 700 160

ALIAH UNIVERSITY



Curriculum and Syllabi of Master of Technology

Programme

In

ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

(Specialization in Communication Engineering) Effective from Academic Session 2021-22 & onwards (As per CBCS based scheme)

ALIAH UNIVERSITY

Course Structure of 2 year M.Tech Programme in Electronics and Communication Engineering (Departmental Code: ECE)

Note: For subjects, if any, with codes initiated by CSE/EEN/MEN/CEN, the concerned departments (CSE/EEN/MEN/CEN) will have to organize the course. The detailed courses in such cases have to be recommended by the concerned departments.

Subject Coding followed A B C E F G H X X

- **1.** ABC: Three Character Department Code. Where it does not represent any dept. then it is UCE (University Core Elective)
- 2. EF : EF represents PG
- 3. GH: It represents either PC/PE/OE/AU/MC/PR
- 4. XX: 01 to 50 for theoretical subjects and 51 to 99 for labs.

Credit Summary

1 st Semester	2 nd Semester	3 rd Semester	4 th Semester	Total
14	19	15	16	64

	First Semester Structure					
SL. No.	Course Code	Course Category	Course Name	Contacts (periods/week)	Credits	Remark
01	ECEPGPC01	Professional Core I	Advanced Digital Signal Processing	3L-0T-0P	3	
02	ECEPGPC02	Professional Core II	Optical Communication and Network	3L-0T-0P	3	
03	*	Professional Elective I		3L-0T-0P	3	
04	**	Professional Elective II		3L-0T-0P	3	
05	UCEPGAU01	Audit Course I	Elementary Arabic and Islamic Studies	4L-0T-0P	0	
06	#	Audit Course II		2L-0T-0P	0	To be selected from list in Appendix- A
07	ECEPGPC51	Laboratory	Optical	0L-0T-4P	2	
		Ι	Communication and			
Total	credits		Signal Processing Lab		14	

* Professional Elective-I:

- 1. ECEPGPE01 Theory of Statistical Communication
- 2. ECEPGPE02 Radar Signal Processing
- 3. ECEPGPE03 Software Defined Radio and Cognitive Radio

****** Professional Elective II:

- 1. ECEPGPE04 Microwave Devices, Circuits and Antenna
- 2. ECEPGPE05 Phased Array Antenna System
- 3. ECEPGPE06 Satellite Communication and Remote Sensing

	Second Semester Structure					
SL. No.	Course Code	Course Category	Course Name	Contacts (periods/week)	Credits	Remark
01	ECEPGPC03	Professional Core III	Advanced Communication and Networks	3L-0T-0P	3	
02	ECEPGPC04	Professional Core IV	VLSI Architecture for DSP	3L-0T-0P	3	
03	***	Professional Elective III		3L-0T-0P	3	
04	****	Professional Elective IV		3L-0T-0P	3	
05	##	Open Elective		3L-0T-0P	3	To be selected from list in Appendix - B
06	ECEPGPC52	Laboratory II	Advanced Communication and VLSI Architecture for DSP Laboratory	0L-0T-4P	2	
07	ECEPGPR01	Minor Project		0L-0T-4P	2	
Total (Credits				19	

*** Professional Elective III:

- 1. ECEPGPE07 IoT and Wireless Sensor Networks
- 2. ECEPGPE08 Advanced Sensor Design
- 3. ECEPGPE09 Artificial Intelligence

**** Professional Elective IV:

- 1. ECEPGPE10 Microwave Integrated Circuits
- 2. ECEPGPE11 Smart Antennas
- 3. ECEPGPE12 Computational Electromagnetics

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	Third Semester Structure					
SL. No.	Course Code	Course Category	Course Name	Contacts (periods/week)	Credits	Remark
01	****	Professional Elective V		3L-0T-0P	3	
02	ECEPGPR02	Research Methodology & IPR		2L-0T-0P	2	
03	ECEPGPR03	Dissertation I		0L-0T-20P	10	
Total ci	redits				15	

*****Professional Elective V

- 1. ECEPGPE13 Mobile Networks and Computing
- 2. ECEPGPE14 Multimedia Communication
- 3. ECEPGPE15 Security in Mobile Networks

	Fourth Semester Structure					
SL. No.	Course Code	Course Category	Course Name	Contacts (periods/week)	Credits	Remark
01	ECEPGPR04	Dissertation II		0L-0T-20P	16	01
Total cr	edits				16	

Appendix-A

List of Audit Course II

Sl No.	Course Code	Course Name
1	UCEPGMC01	Pedagogy Studies
2	UCEPGMC02	English for Research Paper Writing
3	UCEPGMC03	Disaster Management
4	UCEPGMC04	Sanskrit for Technical Knowledge
5	UCEPGMC05	Value Education
6	UCEPGMC06	Constitution of India
7	UCEPGMC07	Stress Management by Yoga
8	UCEPGMC08	Personality Development through Life Enlightenment Skills

Appendix-B

List of Open Elective Course

SL	Code	Course	Offering Department
No			
1	CSEPGOE01	Image Processing	Computer Science and
2	CSEPGOE02	Data Analytics	Engineering
3	CSEPGOE03	Internet of Things	
4	CENPGOE01	Operations Research	Civil Engineering
5	CENPGOE02	Waste to Energy	
6	CENPGOE03	Remote Sensing & GIS	
7	EENPGOE01	Optimization in Engineering	Electrical Engineering
8	EENPGOE02	Essentials of Renewable Energy System	
9	EENPGOE03	Industrial Automation & Control	
10	ECEPGOE01	Laser Systems and Applications	Electronics and
11	ECEPGOE01	Cyber Physical Systems	Communication
12	ECEPGOE01	Signal and Image Processing	Engineering
13	MENPGOE01	Materials Engineering	Mechanical Engineering
14	MENPGOE02	Finite Elements Analysis	
15	MENPGOE03	Non Conventional Energy Sources	

N.B: Courses given in the SL. No. 10-12 cannot be opted by the students of ECE department.

Detailed Syllabus (Professional Core and Professional Electives)

Outcomes (POs) and Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs) :

Departmental programs are well organized to provide the following outcomes. **Programme Outcomes(PO)** are general outcomes but there are some specific outcomes known as **Programme Specific Outcomes(PSO)**.

PO-1: Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, Electronics and Communication engineering fundamentals to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO-2: Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO-3: Design/Development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO-4: Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

PO-5: Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO-6: The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

PO-7: Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

PO-8: Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.

PO-9: Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

PO-10:Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and

write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.

PO-11:Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

PO-12: Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

PSO-1:

An ability to understand the advanced concepts of Electronics & Communication Engineering and to apply them to study, investigate, design and develop solutions on different areas such as Communication Systems, Analog and Digital Electronics Devices and Circuits, Microprocessor and Embedded systems, Signals and Image processing, VLSI etc.

PSO-2: To develop a centre of excellence for learning and research in the field of RF, microwave, mmWave and photonics communication system and relevant emerging areas.

PSO-3: To make the department a seat for learning and research of new innovative ideas in the field sustainable technological development in Electronics and communication engineering. Thus creation of innovation and entrepreneurship.

PC ECEPGPE01	Advanced Digital Signal Processing	3L-0T-0P	3 Credits	
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Course Outcomes (CO's):

After the successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

- 1. Learn the analysis of discrete time signal processing.
- 2. Understand and apply the modern digital signal processing algorithms in various applications.
- 3. **Understand** different adaptive algorithms and filters like Wiener Filter, Steepest descent algorithms, LMS, NLMS, Recursive filter, Frequency domain adaptive filters etc. Hence **Recognize** situations where adaptive systems may provide a good solution
- 4. Implement Multirate signal processing techniques and apply them in real world data.

Module	Content	Lecture
Module I	Introduction to Multi-rate Digital Signal Processing - Sample rate	8
	reduction – decimation by integer factors- sampling rate increase –	
	interpolation by integer factor – Design of practical sampling rate	
	converters Filter Specification- filter requirement for individual	
	stages – Determining the number of stages and decimation factors	
	- Sampling rate conversion using poly-phase filter structure -	
	poly-phase implementation of interpolators.	
Module II	Introduction to Adaptive Systems: Adaptive Systems: Definitions, Characteristics, Applications, Example of an Adaptive System. The Adaptive Linear Combiner - Description, Weight Vectors, Desired Response Performance function - Gradient & Mean Square Error	7
Module III	 Development of Adaptive Filter Theory & Searching the Performance surface: Introduction to Filtering - Smoothing and Prediction – Linear Optimum Filtering, Problem statement, Principle of Orthogonality - Minimum Mean Square Error, Wiener- Hopf equations, Error Performance - Minimum Mean Square Error. Searching the Performance Surface – Methods & Ideas of Gradient Search methods -Gradient Searching Algorithm & its 3zSolution - Stability & Rate of convergence - Learning Curves. 	10

Module IV	 Steepest Descent Algorithms: Gradient Search by Newton's Method, Method of Steepest Descent, Comparison of Learning Curves. LMS Algorithm & Applications: Overview - LMS Adaptation algorithms, Stability &Performance analysis of LMS Algorithms - LMS Gradient & Stochastic algorithms - Convergence of LMS algorithm-Normalized LMS algorithm-Advantages of NLMS over LMS. Applications: Noise cancellation – Cancellation of Echoes in long distance telephone circuits, Adaptive Beam forming. 	10
Module V	Frequency domain algorithms, Least Squares Estimation, Recursive Least Squares algorithm.	5

- 1. Digital Sinal Processing: A Computer Based approach, Sanjit K. Mitra, McGraw Hill Education
- 2. Adaptive Filter Theory Fourth Edition by Simon Haykin
- 3. Digital Signal Processing Emmanuel C Ifeachor, Barrie W Jrevis, Pearson Education
- 4. Adaptive Signal Processing, Bernie Widrow and Stearns, Prentice Hall,
- 5. Fundamentals of Adaptive Filtering, Ali Sayed, Wiley, 2003
- 6. Theory and Applications of DSP L.R Rabiner and B gold
- 7. Electronic filter Design Hand Book A .B Williams and FT Taylor, McGraw Hill
- 8. Wavelets and Subband Coding Valterli &Kovaceric, PHI.
- 9. Analog Devices & Texas Instruments Users Manuel of TMS320C4X and ADSP 2106x.
- Fundamentals of Statistical Signal Processing: Estimation Theory by Steven Kay, Prentice Hall, 1993
- 11. Kernel Adaptive Filtering, Liu, Principe and Haykin, Wiley 2010

PC ECEPGPC02	Optical Communication Network	and	3L-0T-0P	3 Credits
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Course Outcomes(CO):

At the end of this course the students will be able to

CO1: Understand the fundamental concepts of optical communication systems

CO2: Design and analyze optical communication systems

CO3: Know operations and applications of optical networks

Module	Content	Lecture
Module 1	Overview of Optical Fiber Communication	4
	Introduction, Evolution of Light wave Systems, Basic concepts of	
	analog & digital signal, modulation types & formats, multiplexing,	
	data hierarchies	
Module 2	Optical Fiber	6
	Review of fiber types and transmission characteristics, Wave	
	equation for step index fiber, Bessel equation and its solution,	
	Eigen value equation and concept of Modes, LP modes, fiber	

	birefringence, spot size, confinement factor, Dispersion characteristics and management Nonlinear optical effects-SBS	
	SRS and Nonlinear Phase Modulation-SPM, XPM, FWM	
Module 3	Optical Sources and Optical Modulators	4
	Tunable laser sources, Optical Phase/Intensity Modulators	
Module 4	Optical Receiver Noise and Receiver Sensitivity	4
	Noises for P-I-N and APD type receiver, Receiver Sensitivity,	
	BER, Q-parameter, Sensitivity degradation	
Module 5	Lightwave Systems	4
	System Architectures-point to point links, distribution networks	
	and local area networks, Design Guidelines-loss limited &	
	dispersion limited lightwave systems, link budgeting & rise time	
	budgeting calculation	
Module 6	WDM Concepts and Components	6
	High capacity WDM lightwave systems, Optical Amplifiers,	
	WDM Components-Star Couplers, Circulators, Fiber Bragg	
	grating, Tunable Optical Filters, Add/Drop Mux/DeMux, Optical	
	Cross Connects, Optical MEMS, Wavelength Router, Wavelength	
	Converters	
Module 7	Integrated Optics and Photonic Circuits	4
	Integrated Optics Technology-material and process, Wave	
	guiding-couple mode theory, IO Devices, Applications, Photonic	
	Switching	
Module 8	Optical Networks	8
	Network Concepts, Topologies, SONET/SDH, Multiple Access	
	WDM Networks, Passive Optical Networks, IP over DWDM,	
	Optical Ethernet	

- 1. G Keiser, 'Optical Fiber Communications', McGraw Hill Education, India
- 2. D K Mynbaev and L L Scheiner, 'Fiber Optic Communication Technology', Pearson
- 3. John Gowar, 'Optical Communication Systems', PHI
- 4. John M Senior, 'Optical Fiber Communications: Principles and Practice', PHI
- 5. R Ramaswamy and K N Sivarajan, 'Optical Networks: A Practical Perspective', Elsevier Morgan Kaufmann Publishers

PECI	ECEPGPE01	Theory of Statistical Communication	3L-0T-0P	3Credits
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Course Outcomes(CO):

At the end of this course the students will be able to

1. To learn principles of advanced engineering mathematics through linear algebra

2. Learn the idea of random variables (discrete/continuous) and probability distributions in analyzing the probability models arising in electronic communication system.

- 3. Analyze random process through parameter-dependent variables in various random processes
- 4. Design optimal filters for application in communication system.

Module	Content	Lecture
Module 1	LINEAR ALGEBRA AND NUMERICAL ANALYSIS:	6

	Vectors, Linear independence, vector spaces and basis vectors, Matrices, Linear equations, solutions of simultaneous linear and non-linear equations, Special matrix forms – diagonal matrix, exchange matrix,triangular matrix, Toeplitz matrix, Hankel matrix, symmetric matrix, parametric matrix, centro symmetric matrix, Quadratic and Hermitian forms, solution of matrix eigen value and eigen vectors and optimization theory.	
Module 2	DISCRETE-TIME RANDOM PROCESSES: Definition and description of random processes with practical	8
	examples. Time average, ensemble average, covariance,	
	process, WSS process, power spectrum of random processes.	
	Filtering of random processes – filtering of white noise, spectral shaping filter, spectral factorization. Special random processes –	
	Autoregressive moving average process (ARMA model),	
	harmonic process (MA model).	
Module 3	SIGNAL MODELING:	4
	Least squares method, Padé approximation method, filter design using Padé approximation. Propy's method of signal modeling	
	filter design using Prony's method, FIR least square inverse filter,	
	iterative prefilters, Stochastic models – ARMA model, AR model, MA model.	
Module 4	OPTIMUM FILTERS:	6
	The FIR Wiener filter, linear prediction, noise cancellation, Lattice representation for the FIR Wiener filter, The IIR Wiener filter, The	
	noncausal and causal IIR Wiener filter, causal Wiener filtering,	
	Kalman filter.	
Module 5	THEORIES AND HYPOTHESIS OF PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS.	8
	Definition and postulates of probability, Field of probability,	
	mutually exclusive events, Decision theory, Bay's likelihood ratio, ideal observer strategy, Neyman-Pearson strategy, Bay's strategy	
	for single and multiple sample values, optimum linear estimation	
	knowledge of the signal, adaptive detection and estimation.	
	Bernoulli trial, Discrete Distributions, Continuous distributions, Probable errors, Linear regression, Introduction to non-linear	
	regression, Correlation, Analysis of variance.	
1		

- 1. An Introduction to Statistical Communication Theory- John B. Thomas, Wiley.
- 2. Statistical digital signal processing and modelling, Monson N. Hays Wiley
- 3. Detection, Estimation and Modulation theory– Part I/ Edition 2,- Harry L. Van Trees, John Wiley & Sons, NY, USA, 2013.
- 4. Numerical Mathematical Analysis- J. B. Scarborough, Oxford University Press

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5. Elementary Numerical Analysis- S. D. Cone, Mc. Graw Hill.

6. Introduction to Mathematical Probability- J. V. Uspensky, Tata Mc. Graw Hill

7.Digital communication, 4th ed. - J. G. Proakis, MGH International edition

PEC I	ECEPGPE02	RADAR SIGNAL PROCESSING	3L-0T-0P	3Credits

<u>Course Outcomes(CO):</u>

At the end of this course the students will be able to

1. Understand the basic principles of Radar communication

- 2. Apply the concepts gained form Doppler and MTI radar signal processing for target identifications.
- 3. Apply the concepts of SAR for different applications like remote imaging and sensing
- 4. Conceptualize the computational aspects of beam forming and space time adaptive signal processing (STAP)

Module	Content	Lecture
Module 1	A Preview of Basic Radar Signal Processing, Radar range equation, Signal Models, components of a Radar Signal, Amplitude Models, clutter, Noise Model and Signal -to -Noise Ratio, Jamming, Frequency Models-The Doppler Shift, Spatial Models, Spectral Model	6
Module 2	Sampling and Quantization of Pulsed Radar Signals, Domains and Criteria for Sampling Radar Signals, Sampling in the Fast Time Dimension, Sampling in Slow Time – Selecting the Pulse Repetition Interval, Sampling the Doppler Spectrum, Sampling in the Spatial and Angle Dimensions, Quantization, I/Q Imbalance and Digital I/Q	8
Module 3	Doppler Processing, Alternate Forms of the Doppler Spectrum, Moving Target Indication (MTI), Pulse Doppler Processing, Pulse Pair Processing, Additional Doppler Processing Issues, Clutter Mapping and the Moving Target Detector, MTI for moving platforms	6
Module 4	Introduction to Synthetic Aperture Imaging, Introduction to SAR Fundamentals, Stripmap SAR Data Characteristics, Stripmap SAR Image Formation Algorithms, Spotlight SAR Data Characteristics, the Polar Format Image Formation Algorithm for Spotlight SAR, Interferometric SAR	8
Module 5	Introduction to Beamforming and Space-Time Adaptive Processing- Spatial Filtering, Space-Time Signal Environment, Space Time Signal Modeling, Processing the Space Time Signal, Computational issues in STAP, Reduce – Dimension STAP, Advanced STAP Algorithms and Analysis, Limitations to STAP.	8

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Text/Reference Books:

- 1. M.I. Skolnik, Introduction to Radar Systems, 3rd Edition, 2001, TMH.
- 2. Mark A. Richards, Fundamentals of Radar Signal Processing, McGraw Hill
- 3. A Hein, Processing of SAR Data: Fundamentals, Signal Processing, Interferometry, 2010, Springer
- 4. Fred E. Nathanson, *Radar Design Principles: Signal Processing and The Environment*, 2nd Edition, 1999, PHI.
- 5. Peyton Z. Peebles, Jr., Radar Principles, 2004, John Wiley.
- 6. R. Nitzberg, Radar Signal Processing and Adaptive Systems, 1999, Artech House.
- 7. F.E. Nathanson, Radar Design Principles, 1st Edition, 1969, McGraw Hill.
- 8. Bassem Mahafza, Radar Signal Processing and Analysis using Matlab, 2010, CRC Press

PECI	ECEPGPE03	SOFTWARE DEFINED RADIO AND COGNITIVE RADIO	3L-0T-0P	3Credits
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Course Outcomes (CO):

At the end of this course the students will be able to

- 1. Understand the concept of cognitive radio.
- 2. Implement RF issues related to cognitive radio system
- 3. Work with various digital system for software defined radio and cognitive radio
- 4. Research on techniques related to cognitive radio

Module	Content	Lecture
Module 1	INTRODUCTION TO SOFTWARE RADIO CONCEPTS : The need for software radios, what is a software radio, characteristics and benefits of a software radio, Design principles of a software radio.	6
Module 2	RADIO FREQUENCY IMPLEMENTATION ISSUES :The purpose of the RF front-end, Dynamic range: The principal Challenge of receiver design, RF receiver front-end topologies, Enhanced flexibility of the RF chain with software radios, Importance of the components of overall performance, transmitter 	8
Module 3	DIGITAL HARDWARE CHOICES : Introduction, Key Hardware Elements, DSP Processors, FPGA, Tradeoffs in using DSPs FPGAs and ASICs, Power Management Issues , Combinations of DSPs , FPGAs and ASICs.	6
Module 4	INTRODUCTION TO COGNITIVE RADIOS: Digital dividend, cognitive radio (CR) architecture, functions of cognitive radio, dynamic spectrum access (DSA), components of cognitive radio, spectrum sensing, spectrum analysis and decision, potential applications of cognitive radio.	8
Module 5	SIGNAL PROCESING : Spectrum sensing, detection of spectrum holes (TVWS), collaborative sensing, geo-location	8

	database and spectrum sharing business models (spectrum of commons, real time.	
Module 6	DYNAMIC SPECTRUM ACCESS AND MANAGEMENT:	
	Spectrum broker, cognitive radio architectures, centralized	
	dynamic spectrum access, distributed dynamic spectrum access,	
	learning algorithms and protocols.	

1. Software Radio: A Modern Approach to Radio Engineering By Jeffrey H. Reed Pearson Education Low Price Edition

2. Dynamic Spectrum Access and Management in Cognitive Radio Networks, Ekram Hossain, Dusit Niyato, Zhu Han, Cambridge University Press.

3. Cognitive radio networks, Kwang-Cheng Chen, Ramjee Prasad, John Wiley & Sons Ltd.

4. Cognitive Radio, Software Defined Radio, and Adaptive Wireless Systems, Huseyin Arslan, Springer.

PEC II	ECEPGPE04	Microwave Antenna	Devices,	Circuits	and	3L-0T-0P	3Credits
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<u>Course Outcomes(CO's):</u>

At the end of this course the students will be able to

- 1. To know and understand different microwave devices.
- 2. To know the concept of VNA and other microwave circuits.
- 3. To know different types of feed, DRA and Meta material antennas.
- 4. To understand microwave e propagation, link budget etc.
- 5. To know and apply different microwave measuring techniques.

Module	Content	Lecture
Module1	Microwave wave Devices:	8
	Overview of Gunn devices, oscillator using Gunn diode, PIN diode,	
	IMPATT devices, Klystron, and microwave and mm wave performance	
	of IMPATT, Tunnel diode, BARITT and TRAPAT.	
Module2	Microwave Circuits:	8
	Review of scattering matrix concept in the light of vector network	
	analyzer, impedance matching network, couplers, power dividers,	
	resonators and filters, Detectors, mixers, attenuators	
Module3	Antennas:	10
	Different Types of feed Technology: Probe feed, Slot coupled	
	microstrip feed, coplanar feed. Different Types of CPW feed: Inductive,	
	capacitive, square and circular feed. Advance antennas for	
	communication system: Dielectric resonator antenna (DRA), Meta-	
	material in antenna, Microstrip antenna, Smart antenna, Conformal	
	antenna.	
Module4	Microwave propagation:	8
	Overview of basic radio wave propagation mechanisms, Friis	
	transmission formula, plane earth propagation model, microwave radio	
	link and calculation of link budget. Effect on radio wave propagation	
	due to rain, fog, snow, ice, atmospheric gases, Earth's magnetic field.	
Module 5	Microwave Measurements:	6
	Measurement of Wavelength, Frequency and Impedance-Introduction,	

Equivalent circuit of Cavity wave meters, Typical wave meters,	
resonant cavities, Methods of frequency measurements-direct method -	
Interpolation method, Standard wave reflectors, Measurement of	
reflection coefficient, Low, Medium, High VSWR measurements,	
Standing wave pattern, Slotted Line section and its limitation,	
Impedance measurement techniques, Reflectometer.	

- 1. David M Pozar, Microwave Engineering, John Wiley & Sons
- 2. R E Collin, Antenna & Radio wave Propagation, McGraw Hill Book Co.
- 3. Jordan & Balman, Electromagnetic waves & Radiating System
- 4. R E Collin, Microwave Engineering, McGraw Hill CO.

PECII ECEPGPE05 Phased Array Antenna System 3L-0T-0P 3Cr
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Course Outcomes (CO):

At the end of this course the students will be able to

CO 1. To know and understand basic of phase array radar and its architecture.

CO2. To get the knowledge of cell, grid, grating lobes and array.

CO3. To know and understand different feed networks for phase arrays.

CO4. To know frequency scanned array designs.

Module	Content	Lecture
Module1	Phased Arrays in Radar and Communication Systems:	8
	Introduction, System Requirements for Radar and Communication	
	Antennas, Array Characterization for Radar and Communication	
	Systems, Array Architecture and Control Technology	
Module2	Array Theory:	8
	Linear and Planar arrays, various grid configurations, Concept of cell	
	and grid, Calculation of minimum number of elements, Radiation	
	pattern, Grating lobe formation, Rectangular and triangular grid design	
	of arrays.	
Module3	Feed Networks for phased Arrays:	8
	Corporate Feed, Lens and Reflect feed Techniques, Optimum f/d ratio,	
	basic building block for corporate feed network, Series, Parallel feed	
	networks, Comparison of various feeding techniques, Antenna Array	
	Architecture, Brick/ Tile Type construction.	
Module4	Frequency Scanned Array Design:	8
	Snake feed, Frequency-phase scanning, Phase scanning, Digital phase	
	shifter PIN diode and Ferrite phase shifters for phased arrays, Beam	
	pointing errors due to digitization, Beam pointing accuracy.	
Module 5	Search Patterns:	8
	Calculation of search frame time, airborne phased array design,	
	electronic scanning radar, parameter calculation, Application of phased	
	arrays, Phased Array Radar Systems, Active Phased Array, TR/ATR	
	Modules.	

Text/Reference Books:

Aliah University Syllabus of M. Tech in Electronics & Communication Engineering (Specialization in Communication Engineering) Effective from Academic Session 2021-22 & onwards (As per CBCS based scheme)

- 1. Robert J. Mailloux, "Phased Array Antenna Hand Book", Artech House, Boston, London, 1994
- 2. Olliner, A.A, and G.H. Knittel, "Phased Array Antennas", Artech House, 1972.
- 3. Kahrilas. PJ, "Electronic Scanning Radar Systems Design Handbook", Artech House, 1976.
- 4. Skolnik. MI, "Radar Handbook", Mc Graw Hill, NY, Mc Graw Hills-2007
- 5. Galati, G-(editor), "Advanced Radar Technique and Systems", Peter Peregrinus Ltd, London, 1993

PECII	ECEPGPE06	SATELLITE COMMUNICATIONS AND	31 OT OD	3Cradita
		REMOTE SENSING	3L-01-0F	Screuits

Course Outcomes (CO):

At the end of this course the students will be able to

CO1: Able to understand the communication satellite design.

CO2: Able to understand how analog and digital technologies are used for satellite communication networks.

CO3: Able to learn the design of satellite links.

CO4: Able to study the design of Earth station and tracking of the satellites.

Module	Content	Lecture			
Module1	Introduction: A brief history of satellite communication, future scope	4			
	satellite communication. Orbital Mechanism: Orbits, look angle, orbital				
	period and velocity, azimuth and orbital inclination, coverage angle				
	slant range, orbital perturbation, placement of satellite in geostationary				
Madula2	Orbit.	4			
Module2	subsystem Attitude Control subsystem Power systems	4			
	Communication subsystems Satellite Antenna Equipment				
Module3	Satellite Link Design: Basic link analysis interference analysis	6			
mounce	attenuation due to rain. Design of satellite link with specified C/N(with	Ū			
	and without frequency reuse). Link budget. Propagation effects and				
	their impact on satellite earth link.				
Module4	Multiple Access Techniques: Frequency Division Multiple Access	8			
	(FDMA) - Intermodulation, Calculation of C/N, Time Division Multiple				
	Access (TDMA) - Frame Structure, Burst Structure, Satellite Switched				
	TDMA, On-board Processing, Demand Assignment Multiple Access				
	(DAMA) – Types of Demand Assignment, Characteristics, CDMA				
	Spread Spectrum Transmission and Reception. Introduction to VSAT				
	systems: low earth orbit and non-geostationary satellite systems. Direct broadcast Television and Padio				
Modulo 5	broadcast Television and Radio.	6			
Moulle 5	Radio and Satellite Navigation GPS Position Location Principles	o			
	GPS Receivers GPS C/A Code Accuracy Differential GPS				
Module 6	Remote Sensing: Basic of remote sensing, Electromagnetic Radiation	10			
	principles, Atmospheric window, Indian satellite sensing satellite				
	system, Active, Passive, ground based and space based remote sensing.				
	2. Spatial, spectral, Radiometric and temporal resolution, satellite				
	sensors, detectors and scanning technique, FOV and error sources,				
	Image analysis and Interpretation weather RADAR, LIDAR, acoustic				
	sounding systems, TRMM, AURA-MLS, Megha Tropiques Alitmeter,				
	Scatterometer, Radiometer. 3. Ground based and radio occulation				

techniques, spectral response of water, Sea surface temperature, wind speed, colour monitor, clouds and acrosal, water vopor, convective	
system, Trace gases.	

- 1. Timothy Pratt, Charles Bostian, Jeremy Allnutt, "Satellite Communications", 2nd Edition, 2003, John Wiley & Sons.
- 2. Wilbur, L. Pritchand, Robert A. Nelson and Heuri G. Suyderhoud, "Satellite Communications Engineering", 2nd Edition, Pearson Publications.
- 3. Tri. T. Ha, "Digital Satellite Communications", 2nd Edition, 1990, Mc. Graw Hill.
- 4. Dennis Roddy, "Satellite Communications", 2nd Edition, 1996, McGraw Hill.
- 5. B. S. Rao, "Global Navigation satellite systems", TMH.
- 6. 5. B. Bhatta, "Remote Sensing and GIS" Oxford University Press
- 7. J.R. Jenson, "Remote Sensing of the Environment", 2nd Edition, Pearson
- 8. R. N. Mutagi, Satellite Communication: Principles and Applications, Oxford, 2016.

Laboratory- I	Optical Communication and Signal Processing Lab	0L-0T-4P	2Credits
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Course Outcomes (CO):

At the end of this course the students will be able to understand the concepts of Optical Communication and Signal Prosessing through hands-on and practical experiments.

List of Experiments:

Sl. No.	Name of the Experiments
1.	Study of GVD on Gaussian pulse propagation
2.	Study of non linear fiber optic effects: XPM and FWM
3.	Study of transmitter using LED and its modulation characteristics
4.	Study of transmitter using Laser and its modulation characteristics
5.	Design of optical transmitter using external modulator-Mach-Zehnder/LiNob ₃
6.	Study of fiber optic receiver noise characteristics
7.	Study of EDFA-basic concepts
8.	Study of EDFA gain optimization for WDM
9.	Study of 16 Ch WDM network
10.	Performance analysis of bi-directional broadband optical network(BPON)

Part B:

1	Introduction to Generation of different sequences
2	Simulation of sampled Sinusoidal signal, various sequences and different arithmetic operations.
3	Input-Output Relations in the Time-Domain of an UP-SAMPLER and a Down-SAMPLER
4	Input-Output Relations in the Frequency Domain of an Up-Sampler
5	Input-Output Relations in the Frequency Domain of an Down-Sampler
6	Decimator and Interpolator Design and Implementation
7	Fractional-Rate Sampling Rate Alteration
8	Design of Filter Banks
9	Design of Nyquist Filters
10	TMS320C6713 DSP STARTER KIT (DSK) Digital Signal Processing Board
11	Generation of Sine wave and Square wave using TMS320C6713 DSK FIR and IIR filter design using 6713 processor
12	DFT and FFT using 6713 processor
13	A study on DM6437 Digital Video Development platform- for Audio, Image/ Video
14	Applications (MATLAB/SIMULINK Compatible) Design and implementations of adaptive signal processing and their applications

PCC	ECEPGPC03	ADVANCED COMMUNICATION AND NETWORKS	0L-0T-4P	2 Credits
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Course Outcomes (CO):

At the end of this course the students will be able to :

CO1: Understand and appreciate the need of various modulation and spread spectrum techniques. CO2:.Analyze the properties of basic Modulation techniques and apply them to Digital Communication

CO3: Apply different types of M-ary mod-demod techniques for digital communication

CO4: Understanding MIMO system for wireless communication

Module	Content	Lecture
Module1	Baseband Transmission and Reception Techniques: Fundamentals	6
	of Digital transmission through band limited channels, Power spectrum	
	of digitally modulated signals, Signal design for band limited channels,	
	Band limited signal design for zero ISI, Band limited signal design for	
	controlled ISI. Probability of error in detection of digital PAM, Eye	
	pattern, Channel equalization, Linear Equalizers, Adaptive equalizers,	
	Decision feedback equalizers, fractionally spaced equalizers.	
Module2	Inphase and Quadrature (I-Q) Modulation and Demodulation:	10
	Binary modulation schemes, Coherent and non-coherent detection of	
	binary modulation schemes, Performance analysis of binary modulation	
	schemes under AWGN channel, Minimum Shift Keying (MSK),	
	Gaussian Minimum Shift Keying (GMSK). M-ary Phase Shift Keying,	
	M-ary Quadrature Amplitude Modulation, M-ary Frequency Shift	
	Keying, Performance analysis of M-ary modulation schemes under	
	AWGN channel, non-coherent detection of M-ary orthogonal signals,	
	Carrier and timing recovery, Synchronization, Applications.	
Module3	Multichannel and Multicarrier Systems: Basic Principles of	8
	Orthogonality, Single vs. Multicarrier Systems, OFDM Block Diagram	
	and Its Explanation, OFDM Signal Mathematical Representation,	
	Selection parameter for Modulation, Peak-to-mean power ratio,	
	Synchronization, Pulse shaping in OFDM Signal and Spectral	
	Efficiency, Window in OFDM Signal and Spectrum, Synchronization in	
	OFDM, Pilot Insert in OFDM Transmission and Channel Estimation,	
	Amplitude Limitations in OFDM, FFT Point Selection Constraints in	
	OFDM, CDMA vs OFDM, Hybrid OFDM.	_
Module4	MIMO Systems: Introduction, Space Diversity and System Based on	8
	Space Diversity, Smart Antenna system and MIMO, MIMO Based	
	System Architecture, MIMO Exploits Multipath, Space – Time	
	Processing, Antenna Consideration for MIMO, MIMO Channel	
	Modeling, MIMO Channel Measurement, MIMO Channel Capacity,	
	Cyclic Delay Diversity (CDD), Space Time Coding, Advantages and	
	Applications of MIMO in Present Context, MIMO Applications in 3G	
	Wireless System and Beyond, MIMO-OFDM.	0
Module 5	Wireless Networks and Mobile IP: Intrastructure of Wireless	8
	Networks, Wireless LAN Technologies, IEEE 802.11 Design Issues,	
	Terrical WI AN Hardware Winches DANs/JEEE 802.15, Winches	
	Typical WLAN Hardware, wireless PANS/IEEE 802.15x, wireless	
	An Applications and Architecture, Wireless MAINS /IEEE 802.10X, Mobile ID Wireless Mash Networks (WMNs) Divetoeth networks	
	WiMAY and REID	

- Bernard Sklar, "Digital Communications", 2nd Edition Pearson Education
 J. G. Proakis, "Digital Communications", McGraw-Hill, Edition 2005
- 3.Simon Haykin,"Communication System", Wiley India Edition
- 4. Principle of Communication Systems Taub, Schilling, TMH
- 5. Gary J. Mullett, "Introduction to Wireless Telecommunications Systems and Networks", CENGAGE

6. Upena Dalal, "Wireless Communication", Oxford University Press, 2009

PCC	ECEPGPC04	VLSI ARCHITECTURE FOR DSP	0L-0T-4P	3 Credits

Course Outcomes(CO):

At the end of this course the students will be able to:

CO1:Evaluate different implementation platforms for digital designs.

CO2:Evaluate impact of data representation on digital signal processing architectures.

CO3:Design, analyze and apply methods for timing closure of digital design sign-off.

CO4:Optimize sampling time, throughput, area and power dissipation of digital signal processing architectures.

Module	Content	Lectures		
Module1:	Types of IC Design flows. ASIC, custom Design, Structured ASIC,	9		
Digital design	¹ Gate Array, FPGA organization, CLB, LUT, RAM based logic			
approaches.	implementation, Shannon's expansion rule & multiplier based			
	implementation of combinational logic.			
Module2:	Fixed point and floating point representations, Qm.n format, IEEE754	9		
Data	formats, Floating points for GPU, Fixed point multiplier and adder			
representation	(signed, and unsigned). Tree adder, (4,2) Compressor, implementation			
	of multiplier using Compressor tree, Multiplier-less implementation			
	of X(i+1)=X(i)+A(i)B(i), Case study Walsh-Hadamard transform			
	implementation.			
Module3:	Flip flop circuit, Implementation of asynchronous set & reset, setup	9		
Sequential	ntial & hold time, clk2q delay, min .clock pulse width, reset recovery &			
Circuits &	reset removal time.			
Static Timing	Static Timing Analysis (STA) of critical paths – input, output, clk,			
Analysis.	cross clock paths, multi cycle path , false path etc, timing data as			
	function of voltage, temperature process. Different VTP conditions,			
	timing data/file format, interpolation, setup and hold time analysis,			
	negative slack and fixing, clock jitter, skew, phase, insertion delay etc.			
	Time borrowing and time stealing in latch based design.			
	State machine -Moore vs Mealy, their impact on timing paths. An			
	example protocol design using state machine.			
Module4:	Representation of DSP algorithms - block diagram, SFG, DFG,	12		
Optimization	Dependence Graph, Interaction Bound and related algorithm.			
of DSP	Pipelining and parallel processing, retiming, unfolding, folding,			
architectures.	shortest path algorithms.			
	Systolic Array design, FIR Systolic Arrays, Matrix-multiplier, fast			
	convolution- Cook-Toom, Winograd ,etc algorithms			

Text/Reference Books:

- 1. Verilog by Example: A Concise Introduction for FPGA Design by Blaine Readler (Pub: Full Arc Press).
- 2. Embedded Systems Design with Platform FPGAs: Principles and Practices by Ronald Sass and Andrew G. Schmidt (Pub: Morgan Kaufmann).

- 3. VLSI Digital Signal Processing Systems- Design and Implementation by Keshab K. Parhi (Pub: John Wiley India)
- 4. FPGA Prototyping by VHDL Examples (Xilinx Spartan 3 Version) by Pong P. Chu (Pub: Wiley)
- 5. Synthesis of Arithmetic Circuits- FPGA, ASIC and Embedded Systems by Jean-Pierre Deschamps, Gery Jean Antoine Bioul and Gustavo D. Sutter
- 6. CMOS VLSI Design- A Circuit and System Perspective 3ed by Neil H. Weste and David Harris, (Pub: Pearson)
- 7. Xilinx ISE User guide, available online, also along with s/w installation.

Laboratory- II ECEPGPC52	ADVANCED COMMUNICATION AND VLSI ARCHITECTURE FOR DSP LABORATORY	0L-0T-4P	2Credits
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Course Outcomes (CO):

At the end of this course the students will be able to understand the concepts of Digital Communication and DSP-VLSI through hands-on and practical experiments.

Sl. No.	Name of the Experiments
	PART A
1.	Study of Pulse Shaping and Matched Filtering
2.	Study of QPSK Modulation and Demodulation
3.	Study of QPSK with Rayleigh fading and AWGN
4.	Study of M-ary QAM with AWGN fading
5.	Study and performance analysis of Multicarrier Modulation techniques
	PART B
1	Design of a Fixed Point Arithmetic Unit in FPGA
2	Emulation of RAM in FPGA
3	Basic Static Timing Analysis of a Synchronous Circuit
4.	Implementation of CORDIC operation in rotation mode in FPGA
5.	Implementation of FFT operation in FPGA

DEC III		IOT	AND	WIRELESS	SENSOR		
PEC III	ECEPGPE07	NETW	VORKS			0L-0T-4P	3 Credits

Course Outcomes(CO):

At the end of this course the students will be able to :

CO1:To Understand the Architectural Overview of IoT

- CO2: To Understand the IoT Reference Architecture and RealWorld Design Constraints
- CO3: To Understand the various IoT Protocols (Datalink, Network, Transport, Session, Service)
- CO4: Understand basic sensor network concept . Also to know physical layer issues, understand and analyze Medium Access Control Protocols

Module	Content	Lectures
Module I	Overview of Internet of Things:	7
	IoT Conceptual Framework, IoT Architectural View, Technology Behind IoT, Sources of IoT,M2M communication, Examples of IoT. Modified OSI Model for the IoT/M2M Systems, data enrichment, data consolidation and device management at IoT/M2M Gateway, web communication protocols used by connected IoT/M2M devices, Message communication protocols (CoAP-SMS, CoAP-MO, MOTT,XMPP) for IoT/M2M devices.	
Module II	Architecture and Design Principles for IoT:	7
	Internet connectivity, Internet-based communication,IPv4, IPv6,6LoWPAN protocol, IP Addressing in the IoT, Application layer protocols: HTTP, HTTPS,FTP,TELNET and ports.	
Module III	Data Collection, Storage and Computing using a Cloud Platform : Introduction, Cloud computing paradigm for data collection, storage and computing, Cloud service models, IoT Cloud- based data collection, storage and computing services.	8
Module IV	Sensor Network Architecture:	8
	Data Dissemination, Flooding and Gossiping-Data gathering Sensor Network Scenarios, Optimization Goals and Figures of Merit, Design Principles for WSNs- Gateway Concepts, Need for gateway, WSN and Internet Communication, WSN Tunneling.	
Module V	IP based WSN:	10
	Circuit switching, packet switching, concept of IPV4, IPV6, LOWPAN and IP, IP based WSN, LOWPAN based WSN.	
	Recent trends :	

1. Kazem Sohraby, Daniel manoli , "Wireless Sensor networks- Technology, Protocols and Applications", Wiley InterScience Publications 2010.

2. Holger Karl, Andreas Willig, "Protocols and Architectures for Wireless Sensor Networks" 2011, 1 st ed., John Wiley & Sons, New Jersey.

3. Jun Zheng, Abbas Jamalipour, "Wireless Sensor Networks: A Networking Perspective", 2014, 1 st ed., Wiley-IEEE Press, USA.

4. Alessandro Bassi, Martin Bauer, Martin Fiedler, Thorsten Kramp, Rob van Kranenburg, Sebastian Lange, Stefan Meissner, "Enabling things to talk – Designing IoT solutions with the IoT Architecture Reference Model", Springer Open, 2016

5. Jan Holler, Vlasios Tsiatsis, Catherine Mulligan, Stamatis Karnouskos, Stefan Avesand, David Boyle, "From Machine to Machine to Internet of Things", Elsevier Publications, 2014.

PEC III E	CEPGPE08	ADVANCED SENSOR DESIGN	3L-0T-0P	3Credits
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Course Outcomes(CO):

At the end of this course the students will be able to :

CO1:To acquire knowledge of sensors and signal processing system in real life problem.

CO2: To learn the construction and working of different types of micro sensors.

CO3: To design smart sensor systems for real life problems.

CO4: To provide knowledge to use of modern sensor for real time projects.

Module	Content	Lecture				
Module I	Classification of instruments transducers:	8				
	Input and output characteristics of various sensors and					
	transducers, construction and performance studies of					
	variable resistance, inductance and capacitance transducer					
	and its equivalent circuit.Types of Error, Statistical					
	Analysis, Probability of Errors, Limiting Errors. Relevant					
	problems.					
Module II	Design techniques for sensor signal conditioning:	10				
	Sensor and signal conditioning circuit design for strain,					
	force, pressure, flow, level and temperature measurement,					
	Bridge configurations, Amplifying and linearising bridge					
	outputs, Driving bridge circuits. Photodiodes and high					
	impedance charge output sensors, Signal conditioning of					
	high impedance sensors.					
Module III	Advanced Sensing Technology:	8				
	Sensors, instruments and measurement techniques for					
	emerging application areas such as environmental					
	measurement, agricultural measurements such as soil					
	moisture, wind speed, leaf wetness duration, sensors for					
	food processing like smell or odour, taste.					
Module IV	Sensor fabrication and hardware design techniques:	8				
	Design considerations and selection criterion as per					
	standards, Sensor fabrication techniques, process details					
	and latest trends in sensor fabrication. Thick film sensing					

	and system design. Grounding in mixed signal systems, Power supply noise reduction and filtering, Shielding and isolation technique, Over-voltage and Electrostatic discharge (ESD) protection techniques.	
Module V	Micro-sensors and smart sensors: Construction of micro-sensors, characteristics, signal conditioning and A/D conversion and applications of smart sensor.	6

- 1. Tai Ran Hsu, MEMS & Micro systems Design and Manufacture Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2002.
- 2.Ramon Pallas-Arenyand Johan G. Webster "Sensor and Signal Conditioning" John Wiley, New York 1991.
- 3. Elliot Williams, "AVR Programming: Learning to Write Software for Hardware", Maker Media, Incorporated, 2014.
- 4. Dan Sheingold-Editior "Transducer Interfacing Handbook", Analog Devices Inc 1980.
- 5. A.K. Sawhney, "A course in Electrical and Electronic Measurements and Instrumentation", Dhanpat Ray & Co.
- 6. Henry Ott, "Noise Reduction Technique In Electronic Systems", N.Y.John Wiley And Sons 1988.

PECIII	ECEPGPE09	ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE	3L-0T-0P	3Credits

Course Outcomes(CO):

At the end of this course the students will be able to :

CO1: Recognize the characteristics of machine learning that make it useful to real-world problems.

CO2:Characterize machine learning algorithms as supervised, semi-supervised, and unsupervised.

CO3:Effectively use machine learning toolboxes.

CO4:Use support vector machines.

CO5:Understand the concept behind neural networks for learning non-linear functions.

Module	Contents	Lectures
Module I	Introduction to Artificial Intelligence: Overview, Turing test, Applications	2
Module II	Introduction History of Machine Learning, Programs vs learning algorithms, Machine Learning definition, Components of a learning, Different Types of Learning	4
Module III	Linear Regression, Polynomial Regression, Features, Scaling, Cost Function, Gradient Descent, Learning Rate	4
Module IV	Supervised Learning, Linear classifier, Logistic Regression, Decision Boundary, Cost Function Optimization, Multi-class Classification, Bias and Variance, L1 and L2 Regularization	4
Module V	Performance Measure, Error Analysis, Confusion Matrix, Precision and Recall Tradeoff, F1 Score, Macro F1, Accuracy, Skewed Classes	6
Module VI	Unsupervised Learning, Clustering, K-Means, Optimization	6

	Using Evolutionary Techniques, Number of Clusters, Advanced discussion on clustering, Expectation Maximization, Dimensionality Reduction	
Module VII	Discriminative Vs Generative Models, Probability Theory Basics: Marginalization, Conditioning, Normalization, and Conditional Independence, Bayes Theorem, Markov Random Field, Naive Bayes Model, Decision Tree, Random Forest Classifier	8
Module VIII	VC Dimensions, Large Margin Classifiers, Support Vector Machines and Kernel Methods, Neural Networks Learning, Forward Propagation, Backward Propagation, Introduction to Deep Neural Networks	6

- 1. Artificial Intelligence a modern approach. By Stuart Russell and Peter Norvig (Pearson)
- 2. Artificial Intelligence. By Kevin Knight, Elaine Rich, and Shivashankar B. Nair (3rd Edition, McGraw Hill Education)
- 3. Christopher Bishop. Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning. First Edition. Springer, 2006.
- 4. Mitchell Tom M. "Machine Learning", Tata McGraw-Hill
- 5. Ethem A lpaydin. "Introduction to Machine Learning" Second Edition, PHI Learning
- 6. Shai Shalev-Shwartz and Shai Ben-David. Understanding Machine Learning. Cambridge University Press. 2017.
- 7. P. Flach. *Machine Learning: The Art and Science of Algorithms that Make Sense of Data*. First Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2012.
- 8. S. J. Russell, P. Norvig. Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach. Third Edition, Prentice-Hall, 2010.
- 9. Müller Andreas C. and Sarah Guido. "Introduction to Machine Learning with Python: A Guide for Data Scientists" 2016

PEC IV	ECEPGPE10	MICROWAVE CIRCUITS	INTEGRATED	3L-0T-0P	3Credits
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Course Outcomes (CO):

At the end of this course the students will be able to :

CO1: Understand the Monolithic Microwave Integrated Circuits (MMICs), applications, various fabrication techniques such as thin and thick films technologies, encapsulation and mounting of active devices.

CO2: Understand stripline and microstrip line. Have an ability to analyze the method of conformal transformation for microstrip analysis, transverse resonance method and approximate analysis for slot lines.

CO3: Understand the directional coupler, analysis of even and odd mode for microstrip, design and fabrication of lumped elements.

CO4: Understand and design different non reciprocal devices, high power and low power circuits.

Module	Content	Lecture			
Module I	Introduction to Monolithic Microwave Integrated Circuits (MMICs),				
	their advantages over discrete circuits, MMIC fabrication techniques,				
	thick and thin film technologies and materials, encapsulation and				
	mounting of active devices. Microstrips on semiconductor substrates				
Module II	Analysis of stripline and microstripline, Method of conformal	10			
	Transformation, Characteristic parameters of strip, Microstrip lines,				

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	Microstrip Circuit Design, Impedance transformers, Filters, Lumped	
	constant Microstrip circuits.	
Module III	Coupled Microstrips and Directional couplers, Even and odd mode	10
	analysis, Theory of coupled microstrip, Calculations for a coupled pair	
	of Microstrips, Branch line couplers. Lumped Elements for MICs,	
	Design and fabrication of lumped elements, circuits using lumped	
	elements.	
Module IV	Nonreciprocal components for MICs, Microstrip on Feri-magnetic	8
	substrates, Microstrip circulators. Isolators and phase shifters, Design of	
	microstrip circuits – high power and low power circuits.	

- 1. Gupta KC and Amarjit Singh, "Microwave Integrated circuits", Wiley Eastern, 1974.
- 2. Leo Young, "Advances in Microwaves", Academic Press.
- 3. Bharathi Bhat,and S.K. Koul, "Strip line-like Transmission Lines for Microwave Integrated Circuits", New Age International, 2007
- 4. Microwave Integrated circuit, K. C. Gupta.

PEC IV ECEPGPE11 Smart Antennas 3L-0T-0P	3Credits
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Course Outcomes(CO):

At the end of this course the students will be able to :

CO1: Understand applications of antenna arrays, switch- beam, adaptive antenna, space division multiple access **CO2:**Conceptualize different DOA estimation methods.

CO3:Learn the beam formation algorithms and techniques.

CO4: Understand the different kind of smart antenna systems

Module	Content	Lecture
Module I	Applications of Antenna Arrays to Mobile Communications:	8
	Introduction, Need for Smart Antennas, Overview, Smart Antenna	
	Configurations, Switched-Beam Antennas, Adaptive Antenna	
	Approach, Space Division Multiple Access (SDMA), Architecture of a	
	Smart Antenna System, Receiver, Transmitter, Benefits and Drawbacks,	
	Basic Principles, Mutual Coupling Effects	
Module II	DOA Estimation Fundamentals:	8
	Introduction, Array Response Vector, Received Signal Model,	
	Subspace-Based Data Model, Signal Auto-covariance, Conventional	
	DOA Estimation Methods, Conventional Beamforming Method,	
	Capon's Minimum Variance Method, Subspace Approach to DOA	
	Estimation, MUSIC Algorithm, ESPRIT Algorithm, Uniqueness of	
	DOA Estimates.	
Module	Beam Forming Fundamentals:	8
III	Classical Beam former, Statistically Optimum Beamforming Weight	
	Vectors, Maximum SNR Beam former, Multiple Sidelobe Canceller	
	and Maximum, SINR Beam former, Minimum Mean Square Error	
	(MMSE), Direct Matrix Inversion (DMI), Linearly Constrained	
	Minimum Variance (LCMV), Adaptive Algorithms for Beamforming	
Module	Smart antenna systems :	8
IV	The Vector Channel Impulse Response and the Spatial Signature,	

	Spatial Processing Receivers, Fixed Beam forming Networks,	
	Switched Beam Systems, Adaptive Antenna Systems, Wideband	
	Smart Antennas, Spatial Diversity, Diversity Combining, and	
	Sectoring, Digital Radio Receiver Techniques and Software	
	Radios for Smart Antennas, Transmission Beam forming.	
Module V	Smart Antennas Techniques for CDMA :	8
	Non-Coherent CDMA Spatial Processors, Coherent CDMA	
	Spatial Processors and the Spatial Processing Rake Receiver,	
	Multi-User Spatial Processing, Dynamic Re-sectoring Using	
	Smart Antennas, Downlink Beam forming for CDMA.	

1. T.S Rappaport, "Smart Antennas Adaptive Arrays Algorithms and Wireless Position Location", IEEE press 1998, PTR – PH publishers 1999.

2. Lal Chand Godara, "Smart Antennas", CRC Press, LLC-2

3. T.S. Rappaport and J.C. Liberti, "Smart Antennas for Wireless Communications", Prentice Hall, 1999

4. Tapan K Sarkar," Smart Antennas ",IEEE Press, John Wiley & Sons Publications,2003

5. L.C.Godara, "Applications of antenna arrays to mobile communications, Part I: Performance improvement, feasibility, and system considerations", Proc. IEEE, vol. 85, no.7, pp.1031-1060, 1997.

PEC IV	ECEPGPE12	COMPUTATIONAL	3I _0T_0P	2Credita
		ELECTROMAGNETICS	3L-01-01	SCIEURS

Course Outcomes(CO):

At the end of this course the students will be able to :

CO1: To solve EM problems from different angle.

CO2:To have in-depth knowledge and explain various numerical methods of electromagnetics.

CO3: To formulate real life problem to mathematical model.

CO4: To apply various numerical methods to different scattering and radiation problems.

CO5:To develop computational skills in applied electromagnetics and related disciplines.

Module	Content	Lecture
Module I	Introduction	4
	Basic Principles of Electromagnetic Theory, Analytical Methods and	
	Orthogonal Functions, Green's Function, Fourier Transform Method	
Module II	Introduction to Computational Methods	6
	Elements of Computational Methods, Basis Functions, Convergence	
	and Discretization Error, Stability of Numerical Solutions, Formulations	
	for the Computational method.	
Module III	Method of Finite Differences	6
	Finite Difference Approximations, Treatment of Interface and	
	Boundary Conditions, Finite Difference Analysis of Guiding Structures,	
	Analysis of Enclosed Microstrip Line, Analysis of Geometries with	
	Open Boundaries ,Wave Propagation and Numerical Dispersion,	
	Analysis of Ridge Waveguide.	
Module IV	Finite-Difference Time-Domain Analysis	10
	Pulse Propagation in a Transmission Line, FDTD Analysis in One	
	Dimension, Source or Excitation of the Grid .Absorbing Boundary	

	Conditions for One-Dimensional Propagation, Applications of One Dimensional FDTD Analysis, Reflection at an Interface, Determination of Propagation Constant, Design of Material Absorber, Exponential Time-Stepping Algorithm in the Lossy Region, Extraction of Frequency Domain Information from the Time Domain Data, Dispersive Materials ,FDTD Analysis in Two Dimensions ,Unit Cell in Two Dimensions Numerical Dispersion in Two Dimensions Absorbing Boundary	
	Conditions for Propagation in Two Dimensions, Perfectly Matched Layer ABC, FDTD Analysis in Three Dimensions, Yee Cell, Numerical Dispersion in Three Dimensions, Absorbing Boundary Conditions and PML for Three Dimensions, Implementation of Boundary Conditions	
Module V	Finite Element Method Basic Steps in Finite Element Analysis ,Segmentation or Meshing of the Geometry, Derivation of the Element Matrix ,Assembly of Element Matrices, Solution of System Matrix, Post processing, FEM Analysis in One Dimension, Treatment of Boundary and Interface Conditions ,Accuracy and Numerical Dispersion, FEM Analysis in Two Dimensions , Solution of Two-Dimensional Wave Equation ,Element Matrix for Rectangular Elements, Element Matrix for Triangular Elements ,Capacitance of a Parallel Plate Capacitor Cutoff Frequency Waveguide Modes	8
Module VI	Method of Moments Introduction, Point Matching and Galerkin's Methods, Eigen value Analysis Using MoM Static Charge Distribution on a Wire, Analysis of Strip Line	6

- 1. Analytical and computational methods in Electromagnetics by Ramesh Garg, Artech House
- 2. Computational Electromagnetics by Raj Mittra, Springer
- 3. Computational Electromagnetics by Anders Bondeson, Springer



Course Outcomes(CO):

At the end of this course the students will be able to :

CO1: Demonstrate knowledge on : cellular concepts like frequency reuse, fading, equalization, GSM ,CDMA . **CO2:**Demonstrate knowledge of mobile communication protocol

CO3: Demonstrate knowledge of wireless mobile communication technologies

Module	Content	Lecture	
Module I	MOBILE COMMUNICATIONS: AN OVERVIEW		
	Mobile communication-Mobile computing-Mobile Computing		
	Architecture-Mobile devices-Mobile System Networks – Data		
	dissemination - Mobile managementsecurity. Mobile devices and		
	systems- Mobile phones — Handheld devices – Smart systems –		
	Limitations of mobile devices – Automotive systems		
Module II	GSM AND SIMILAR ARCHITECURES	8	
	GSM - services and architectures - Radio interfaces - Protocols -		

	Localization - Calling - Handover - Security - New data services -	
	General packet radio serviceHigh speed circuit switched data – DECT.	
	wireless medium access control-based communication-Medium Access	
	Control - Introduction to CDMA -based Systems - Spread spectrum in	
	CDMA Systems - coding methods in CDMA - IS-95- IMT - 2000 - i-	
	mode – OFDM	
Module III	MOBILE IP NETWORK LAYER AND MOBILE TRANSPORT	9
	LAYER	
	IP and mobile Network layers - Packet Delivery and Handover	
	Management – Location management – Registration – Tunnelling and	
	Encapsulation - Route Optimization - Dynamic Host Configuration	
	Protocol. Conventional TCP/IP Transport Layer Protocols – Indirect	
	TCP – Snooping TCP – Mobile TCP – Other methods of mobile TCP –	
	layer transmission – TCP over 2.5G/3G Mobile networks	
Module IV	MOBILE DEVICES: SERVER AND MANAGEMENT	10
	Mobile agent - Application server - Gateways - Portals -Service	
	Discovery - Device management - Mobile file systems-Security.	
	mobile adhoc and wireless 16 sensor networks-Introduction to mobile	
	Ad hoc network - MANET - Wireless Sensor Networks - Applications	
Module V	WIRELESS LAN, MOBILE INTERNET CONNECTIVITY, AND	10
	PERSONAL AREA NETWORK	
	Wireless LAN(WiFi) Architecture and Protocol layers- WAP 1.1 and	
	WAP 2.0 Architecture - XHTML-MP (Extensible Hypertext Markup	
	Language Mobile Profile) - Bluetooth enabled devices network - layers	
	in Bluetooth protocol- security in Bluetooth protocol- IrDA - ZigBee -	
	Mobile application languages and mobile application development	
	platforms.	

1. Raj Kamal, "Mobile Computing", Oxford Higher education, Second Edition, 2007

2. J. Schiller, "Mobile Communication", Addison Wesley, 2000.

3. William Stallings, "Wireless Communication and Networks", Pearson Education, 2003.

4. Singhal, "WAP-Wireless Application Protocol", Pearson Education, 2003.

5. LotherMerk, Martin.S. Nicklaus and Thomas Stober, "Principle of Mobile Computing", Second Edition, Springer, 2003.

6. William C.Y.Lee, "Mobile Communication Design Fundamentals", John Wiley, 1993.

PEC IV	ECEPGPE14	MULTIMEDIA COMMUNICATION	3L-0T-0P	3Credits
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Course Outcomes(CO):

At the end of this course the students will be able to :

CO1:Deploy the right multimedia communication models.

CO2:pply QoS to multimedia network applications with efficient routing techniques.

CO3:Solve the security threats in the multimedia networks.

CO4:Develop the real-time multimedia network applications

Module	Content	Lecture	
Module I	Introduction		
	Introduction, multimedia information representation, multimedia		
	networks, multimedia applications, Application and networking		

v OoS and application OoS Digitize	ation
Qui and application Qui, Digitiza	
es, audio and video.	
pression	8
compression,, compression principles,	text
ngth, Huffman, LZW, Document In	nage
and T3 coding, image compression- GIF.	LIEF
maggion	0
pression, audio compression – principles, DF	ĊM,
d Linear predictive coding, Code-Excited 1	LPC,
PEG and Dolby coders video compression, v	rideo
•	
	10
undards: H.261, H.263, MPEG, MPEG 1, M	PEG
sible VLCs. MPEG 7 standardization proce	ss of
accintion MPEG 21 multimedia framework	
emption, wit EO 21 mattimedia framework.	10
	10
tion, presentation requirements, reference m	odel
Introduction to SMIL, Multimedia operation	ating
nagement, process management techniques.	
	k QoS and application QoS, Digitiza es, audio and video. pression compression, compression principles, ngth, Huffman, LZW, Document Ir and T3 coding, image compression- GIF, 7 npression pression pression, audio compression – principles, DP nd Linear predictive coding, Code-Excited I PEG and Dolby coders video compression, v s. andards: H.261, H.263, MPEG, MPEG 1, M rsible VLCs, MPEG 7 standardization process scription, MPEG 21 multimedia framework. nent: ation, presentation requirements, reference m Introduction to SMIL, Multimedia opera magement, process management techniques.

1. Fred Halsall, "Multimedia Communications", Pearson education, 2001.

2. Raif Steinmetz, Klara Nahrstedt, "Multimedia: Computing, Communications and Applications", Pageson education, 2002

Pearson education, 2002.

3. K. R. Rao, Zoran S. Bojkovic, Dragorad A. Milovanovic, "Multimedia Communication Systems", Pearson education, 2004.

Systems^{*}, Pearson education, 2004.

4. John Billamil, Louis Molina, "Multimedia : An Introduction", PHI, 2002.

IECIV ECEIGIEIS SECURITI IN WODILE NETWORKS SL-VI-VI SCIEUR	PEC IV EC	EPGPE15 S	SECURITY IN MOBILE NETWORKS	3L-0T-0P	3Credits
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Course Outcomes(CO):

At the end of this course the students will be able to:

CO1: Comprehend the fundamental concepts of mobile and wireless network security

- CO2. Identify security threats in wireless networks and design strategies to manage network security
- CO3. Design secured network application considering all possible threats

Module	Content	Lecture
Module I	Security in General Wireless/Mobile Networks:	3
	High Performance Elliptic Curve Cryptographic Co-processor, An	
	Adaptive Encryption Protocol in Mobile Computing	
Module II	Security in General Wireless/Mobile Networks: High Performance	8
	Elliptic Curve Cryptographic Co-processor, An Adaptive Encryption	
	Protocol in Mobile Computing	
Module III	Security in Wireless LANs:	9
	Cross Domain Mobility Adaptive Authentication, AAA Architecture	

	and Authentication for wireless LAN Roaming, Experimental Study on		
	Security Protocols in WLANs		
Module IV	Security in Ad Hoc Networks:	10	
	Pre-authentication and authentication models in Ad Hoc Networks,		
	Promoting Identity-based key management, attacks and		
	countermeasures, Secure and resilient data aggregation, Secure routing		
	in MANET, Intrusion Detection System in MANET		
Module V	Security in Mobile Cellular Networks:		
	Security issues in GSM, 3G and 4G networks, Authentication and		
	encryption, Security concerns in 5G networks		
Module VI	Security in Sensor Networks and IoT:		
	Security Issues, Key Management Schemes, Secure Routing in Sensor		
	Networks, Energy-aware security mechanisms, Security and privacy		
	issues in IoT, Identity and access management, Data Integrity, Best		
	practices for IoT security.		

- 1. Y. Xiao, X. Shen, D. Z.Du, Wireless Network Security, Springer International Edition.
- 2. Lei Chen, JiahuangJi, Zihong Zhang, Wireless Network Security, Springer Science & Business Media 3. W. Stallings. Cryptography & Network Security: Principles and Practice, Prentice Hall
- 4. Noureddine Boudriga, Security of Mobile Communications, CRC Press
- 5. Levente Buttyán and Jean-Pierre Hubaux, Security and Cooperation in Wireless Networks, Cambridge University Press
- 6. James Kempf, Wireless Internet Security: Architectures and Protocols, Cambridge University Press 7. Patrick Traynor, Patrick McDaniel, and Thomas La Porta, Security for Telecommunications Networks, Springer
- 8. Frank Adelstein, Sandeep K.S. Gupta, Golden G. Richard III, and Loren Schwiebert, Fundamentals of Mobile and Pervasive Computing, McGraw-Hill Professional

Open Electives

OEC	FCFPC0F01	LASER	SYSTEMS	AND	3I _0T_0P	3 Crodits
	ECEPGUEUI	APPLICATI	ONS		3L-01-01	5 Creans

Course Outcomes (CO):

At the end of this course students will be able to

CO1: Understand principle of operation and characteristics of lasers

CO2:Know various laser types and their operations

CO3:To learn various applications of lasers

Module	Content	Lecture	
Module I	Basic Laser Principles: Absorption, Spontaneous and Stimulated		
	Emission process and Einstein's coefficients. Population inversion,		
	Pumping and pumping schemes, laser gain, Optical resonator		
	cavities and its types, stability		
Module II	Characteristics of Laser: Concept of coherence, Temporal and	8	
	Spatial coherence, Coherence length and time, Brightness and		
	Intensity, Directionality and Monochromacity, Laser modes, CW		

Aliah University Syllabus of M. Tech in Electronics & Communication Engineering (Specialization in Communication Engineering) Effective from Academic Session 2021-22 & onwards (As per CBCS based scheme)

	and Pulsed Lasers	
Module III	Types of Lasers and operation:	10
	Solid, liquid & gas lasers, operational principle of Ruby, He-Ne,	
	Nd:YAG, CO ₂ , Dye and Semiconductor Lasers, fiber laser	
Module IV	Laser Applications:	10
	Material processing with lasers, Interaction mechanism, Material	
	processing mechanism, Drilling, Cutting and Welding process	
	with laser. Laser hardening.	
	Medical Applications: Laser diagnostic, Laser in ophthalmology,	
	laser in glaucoma, Laser for general surgery, Laser in	
	dermatology, laser in dentistry, Laser in medicine. Optical	
	Communication: Optical source for fiber optical communication,	
	Hologram, LIDAR	
Module V	Laser Safety:	2
	Laser hazards for different laser classes and laser safety measures	

Text/Reference Books:

1. Laser Principles, Types and Application, by K. R. Nambiar, New Age International.

- 2. Laser concepts and Applications, by S. A. Ahmad, New Age International.
- 3. Fundamentals of Laser Systems and Applications, A. K. Katiyar, CK Pandey and Manisha Bajpai, Wiley, India.
- 4. Lasers Theory and Applications by K. Thyagarajan and A.K. Ghatak, Mcmillan
- 5. Laser Fundamentals, by William T. Silfvast, Cambridge University Press.

OEC	ECEPG0E02	CYBER PHYSICAL SYSTEMS	3L-0T-0P	3 Credits
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Course Outcomes(CO):

At the end of this course students will be able to

CO1:Understand the core principles behind CPS

CO2: Identify safety specifications and critical properties

CO3: Understand abstraction in system designs

CO4: Express pre- and post-conditions and invariants for CPS models

Module	Content	Lecture
Module I	Introduction: Cyber-Physical System, Key Features of CPS,	10
	Application Domains of CPS, Basic principles of design and	
	validation of CPS, Challenges in CPS.	
Module II	CPS Platform components: CPS HW platforms, Processors,	8
	Sensors and Actuators, CPS Network - Wireless, CAN,	
	Automotive Ethernet, Scheduling Real Time CPS tasks,	
	Synchronous Model and Asynchronous Model.	
Module III	Synchronous and Asynchronous Model: Reactive Components,	10
	Components Properties, Components Composing, Synchronous	
	Designs and Circuits, Asynchronous Processes and operations,	
	Design Primitives in Asynchronous Process, Coordination	
	Protocols in Asynchronous Process, Leader Election, Reliable	
	Transmission.	

Module IV	Security of Cyber-Physical Systems: Introduction to CPS Securities, Basic Techniques in CPS Securities, Cyber Security Requirements, Attack Model and Countermeasures, Advanced Techniques in CPS Securities.	10
Module V	CPS Application: Health care and Medical Cyber-Physical Systems, Smart grid and Energy Cyber Physical Systems, WSN based Cyber-Physical Systems, Smart Cities.	2

- 1. E. A. Lee and S. A. Seshia, "Introduction to Embedded Systems: A Cyber-Physical Systems Approach", 2011.
- 2. R. Alur, "Principles of Cyber-Physical Systems," MIT Press, 2015.
- 3. Raj Rajkumar, Dionisio de Niz and Mark Klein, "Cyber-Physical Systems", Addison-Wesley, 2017
- 4. Jean J. Labrosse, Embedded Systems Building Blocks: Complete and Ready-To-Use Modules in C, The publisher, Paul Temme, 2011

OEC ECEP	G0E03 SIGNAL AN	D IMAGE PROCESSING	3L-0T-0P	3 Credits
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Course Outcomes(CO):

At the end of this course students will be able to

CO1: Understand the concept of discrete time signal processing

CO2: Understand the concept of digital filtering

CO3: Understand the concept of image processing and apply them to real life problems

Module	Content	Lecture
Module I	Discrete-time Signals:	3
	Discrete-time sequences, their frequency domain behaviour,	
	comparison with analog signals, convolution of two sequences,	
	sampling theorem, Reconstruction of continuous-time signals.	
	Unit-sample response of a system, Time-invariant systems,	
	Superposition principle for linear systems, Stability criterion for	
	discrete-time systems, Causality criterion for discrete-time	
	systems, Linear constant-coefficient difference equations.	-
Module II	Discrete-time Transformation :	6
	FT of special sequences, the inverse FT; Computation of the DFT	
	from the discrete-time sequence, linear and circular convolution;	
	computations for evaluating the DFT: increasing the	
	computational speed of the DFT.	
	Definition and properties of the z-transform, the inverse z-	
	transform; relationship between the Fourier transform and the z-	
	transform	
Module III	Digital Filters:	6
	Filter categories: IIR and FIR, recursive and non-recursive.	
	Digital Filter Structures: The direct form I and II structures,	
	Cascade combination of second-order sections, parallel	
	combination of second-order sections, Linear-phase FIR filter	
	structures, Polyphase decomposition; Frequency-sampling	
	structure for the FIR filter. Uniform DFT filter banks.	
Module IV	Digital Signal Processor:	2
	Architecture of TMS320C 6416/6713 Processor (any one;	

	programs in Assembly Language.)	
Module V	Digital Image Fundamentals:	3
	Introduction – Origin – Steps in Digital Image Processing –	
	Components – Elements Of Visual Perception – Image Sensing	
	And Acquisition – Image Sampling And Quantization –	
	Relationships Between Pixels – Color Models.	
Module VI	Image Enhancement and Restoration:	8
	Spatial Domain: Basic Gray Level Transformations – Histogram	U U
	Processing – Basics Of Spatial Filtering–Smoothing And	
	Sharpening Spatial Filtering – Frequency Domain: Introduction To	
	Fourier Transform – Smoothing And Sharpening Frequency	
	Domain Filters – Ideal Butterworth And Gaussian Filters	
	Domain I ners - Ideal, Datter worth I nie Gaussian I ners.	
	Noise Models – Mean Filters – Order Statistics – Adaptive Filters	
	– Band Reject Filters – Band Pass Filters – Notch Filters –	
	Optimum Notch Filtering Inverse Filtering Wiener Filtering	
	Optimum Noten Pritering – myerse Pritering – whener Pritering	
Module VII	Color Image Processing:	3
	Colour fundamentals – Colour models – Colour transformation –	5
	Smoothing and Sharpening	
	Shioothing and Sharpening	
Module VIII	Wavelets ·	3
	Wavelets – Subband Coding – Multiresolution Expansions –	0
	Compression: Fundamentals – Image Compression Models – Error	
	Free Compression – Lossy Compression – Compression Standards	
	The compression – Lossy compression – compression standards.	
Module IX	Mornhological Processing ·	6
	Introduction Logic Operations involving Binary Images Dilation	Ū
	and Erosion Opening and Closing The Hit-or-Miss	
	Transformation Morphological Algorithms – Boundary	
	Extraction Region Filling Extraction of Connected Components	
	Convex Hull Thinning Thickening	
	Sagmentation: Detection Of Discontinuities Edge Linking And	
	Boundary Detection Thresholding Degion Based	
	Sogmentation	
	beginemation.	

- 1. Digital Image Processing by Rafael C Gonzalez & Richard E Woods, 3rd Edition
- 2. Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing by Anil K Jain
- 3. Digital Image Processing by William K Pratt
- 4. Fundamentals of electronic image processing by Arthur R. Weeks Jr., Wiley
- 5. Digital Image Processing Using MATLAB, 2nd ed. by Gonzalez, Woods, and Eddins.
- 6. Digital Signal Processing Principles, Algorithms and Applications J.G.Proakis& D.G. Manolakis, Pearson Education/ PHI.
- 7. Digital Signal Processing- Alan V. Oppenheim, Ronald W. Schafer
- 8. Digital Signal Processing by Sanjit Mitra, 4th edition, 2011, McGraw-Hill, New York, NY.
- 9. Digital Signal Processors Architectures, Implementations and Applications S.M.Kuo& W. Gan, Pearson Education

ECEPGPR02	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND IPR	2L-0T-0P	2CREDITS
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Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course, students will be able to

CO1:Understand research problem formulation.

CO2. Analyze research related information

CO3. Follow research ethics

- CO4.Understand that today's world is controlled by Computer, Information Technology, but tomorrow world will be ruled by ideas, concept, and creativity.
- CO5.Understanding that when IPR would take such important place in growth of individuals & nation, it is needless to emphasis the need of information about Intellectual Property Right to be promoted among students in general & engineering in particular.
- CO6. Understand that IPR protection provides an incentive to inventors for further research work and investment in R & D, which leads to creation of new and better products, and in turn brings about, economic growth and social benefits.

Module	Content	Lecture
Module I	Meaning of research problem, Sources of research problem,	3
	Criteria Characteristics of	
	a good research problem, Errors in selecting a research	
	problem, Scope and objectives of	
	research problem.	
Module II	Approaches of investigation of solutions for research	5
	problem, data collection, analysis,	
	interpretation, Necessary instrumentations	
Module III	Effective literature studies approaches, analysis	5
	Plagiarism, Research ethics,	
Module IV	Effective technical writing, how to write report, Paper	2
	Developing a Research Proposal, Format of research	
	proposal, a presentation and assessment	
	by a review committee	
Module V	Nature of Intellectual Property: Patents, Designs, Trade and	5
	Copyright. Process of	
	Patenting and Development: technological research,	
	innovation, patenting, development.	
	International Scenario: International cooperation on	
	Intellectual Property. Procedure for grants	
	of patents, Patenting under PCT.	
Module VI	Patent Rights: Scope of Patent Rights. Licensing and transfer	3
	of technology. Patent	
	information and databases. Geographical Indications.	

Module VII	Iodule VIINew Developments in IPR: Administration of Patent System.	
	New developments in	
	IPR; IPR of Biological Systems, Computer Software etc.	
	Traditional knowledge Case Studies,	
	IPR and IITs.	

Text/References:

1. Stuart Melville and Wayne Goddard, "Research methodology: an introduction for science & engineering students"

- 2. Wayne Goddard and Stuart Melville, "Research Methodology: An Introduction"
- 3. Ranjit Kumar, 2 nd Edition, "Research Methodology: A Step by Step Guide for beginners"
- 4. Halbert, "Resisting Intellectual Property", Taylor & Francis Ltd ,2007.
- 5. Mayall, "Industrial Design", McGraw Hill, 1992.
- 6. Niebel, "Product Design", McGraw Hill, 1974.
- 7. Asimov, "Introduction to Design", Prentice Hall, 1962.
- 8. Robert P. Merges, Peter S. Menell, Mark A. Lemley, "Intellectual Property in New Technological Age", 2016.
- 9. T. Ramappa, "Intellectual Property Rights Under WTO", S. Chand, 2008

Mini Project/Dissertation I/Dissertation II

Mini project should be on suitable research area/field to be identified in consultation with the project guide based on literature reviews on appropriate area of study which leads towards dissertation works to be carried out in forth coming semesters.

The dissertation topic should be selected to ensure the satisfaction of the urgent need to establish a direct link between education, national development and productivity and thus reduce the gap between the work and the study. The dissertation should have the following:

- Relevance to societal needs
- Relevance to value addition to existing facilities
- Relevance to industry need
- Problems of national importance
- Research and development in various domain

The student should complete the following in Dissertation I:

- Literature survey and Problem Definition
- Motivation for study and Objectives
- Preliminary design / feasibility studies
- Report and presentation

The Dissertation II will be the complete project work. It may be based on:

- Literature survey and Problem Definition
- Motivation for study and Objectives
- Implementation and Experimental verification.
- Design & fabrication of prototype, if applicable.

• Presentation and viva-voce examination based on the above work and report.

Guidelines for Dissertation I and II:

- As per the AICTE directives, the dissertation is a yearlong activity, to be carried out and evaluated in two phases i.e. Phase I: July to December and Phase II: January to June.
- The dissertation may be carried out preferably in-house i.e. department's laboratories and centers OR in industry allotted through department's T & P coordinator/HOD/Supervisor.
- After multiple interactions with guide and based on comprehensive literature survey, the student shall identify the domain and define dissertation objectives. The referred literature should preferably include referred journals in the areas of Computing and Processing (Hardware and Software), Circuits-Devices and Systems, Communication-Networking and Security, Robotics and Control Systems, Signal Processing and Analysis, Photonics and any other related domain. In case of Industry sponsored projects, the relevant application notes, while papers, product catalogues should be referred and reported.
- Student is expected to detail out specifications, methodology, resources required, critical issues involved in design and implementation and phase wise work distribution, and submit the proposal within a month from the date of registration.
- Phase I deliverables: A document report comprising of summary of literature survey, detailed objectives, project specifications, paper and/or computer aided design, proof of concept/functionality, part results, a record of continuous progress.
- Phase I evaluation: A committee comprising of guides of respective specialization shall assess the progress/performance of the student based on report, presentation and Q & A. In case of unsatisfactory performance, committee may recommend repeating the Phase-I work.
- During phase II, student is expected to exert on design, development and testing of the proposed work as per the schedule. Accomplished results/contributions/innovations should be published in terms of research papers in reputed journals and reviewed focused conferences OR IP/Patents.
- Phase II deliverables: A dissertation report as per the specified format, developed system in the form of hardware and/or software, a record of continuous progress.
- Phase II evaluation: Guide along with appointed external examiner shall assess the performance of the student based on report, presentation and Q & A. In case of unsatisfactory performance, committee may recommend for extension or repeating the work.

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